

UNC

But we, brave Britons, foreign laws despis'd,
And kept unconquer'd, and unscathed;
Pierce for the liberties of wit, and bold,
We still defy'd the Romans, as of old.

2. Coarse; indecent.
Several, who have been polished in France, make use of the most coarse, *unciviliz'd* words in our language. *Addison*.
One ounce of whey *undiluted*; one ounce of oil of vitriol, make no apparent alteration. *Bacon's Phys. Remarks*.
To UNCLASP. *v. a.* To open what is shut with clasps.
Thou know'st no less, but all: I have *undisguis'd*
To thee the book, ev'n of my secret soul. *Shakespeare*.
Prayer can *undress* the girdles of the north, saying to a mountain of ice, be thou removed hence, and cast into the sea. *Taylor's Worshy Communicant*.
UNCLASSICK. Not classic.
Angel of dulness, sent to scatter round
Her magic charms o'er all *undisfick* ground. *Pope*.
UNCLE. *n. f.* [uncle, Fr.] The father's or mother's brother.
Hamlet punishes his *uncle* rather for his own death, than the murder of his father. *Shakespeare's Illustrated*.
UNCLEAN. *n. f.*
1. Foul; dirty; filthy.
Charon,
A forl'd god: down from his hoary chin
A length of beard descends, uncomb'd, *unclean*. *Dryden*.
Priests are patterns for the rest;
The gold of heav'n, who bear the God impress'd:
But when the precious coin is kept *unclean*,
The foreigner's image is no longer seen.
If they be foul, on whom the people trust,
Well may the bair brags contract a rust. *Dryden*.
2. Not purified by ritual practices.
3. Foul with sin.
Besides how vile, contemptible, ridiculous,
What act more execrably *unclean*, profane?
What agonies must he endure? What difficulties over-
come, before he can cleanse himself from the pollutions of
sin, and be a fit inhabitant of that holy place, where no
unclean thing shall enter? *Rogers's Sermon*.
4. Lewd; unchaste.
Let them all encircle him about,
And, fairy-like too, pinch the *unclean* knight,
And ask him, why that hour of fairy revel,
In their so sacred paths he dares to tread,
In shape profane. *Shakespeare's Merry Wives of Windsor*.
Some true, whole bread, smooth leaves together fow'd,
And girded on our loins, may cover round
Those middle parts; that this new comers shame,
There sit not, and reproach us as *unclean*. *Milton*.
UNCLEANLINESS. *n. f.* Want of cleanliness.
This profane liberty and *uncleanliness*, the archbishop re-
solv'd to reform. *Clarendon*.
UNCLEANLY. *adj.*
1. Foul; filthy; nasty.
Civet is of a baser birth than tar;
The very *uncleanly* flux of a cat. *Shakespeare*.
2. Indecent; unchaste.
'Tis pity that these harmonious writers have ever indulg'd
any thing *uncleanly* or impure to defile their paper. *Watts*.
UNCLEANNESS. *n. f.*
1. Lewdness; incontinence.
In St. Giles's I understood that most of the vilest and most
miserable houses of *uncleanliness* were. *Gravatt's Bills of Mortality*.
2. Want of cleanliness; nastiness.
Be not curious nor careless in your habit; be not trouble-
some to thyself, or to others, by unhandfomeness, or *unclean-
liness*. *Taylor's Guide to Devotion*.
3. Sin; wickedness.
I will save you from all your *uncleanesses*. *Ez. xxxvi. 29*.
4. Want of ritual purity.
UNCLEANSED. *adj.* Not cleansed.
Pond earth is a good compost, if the pond have been long
uncleanse'd: so the water be not too hungry. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*
To UNCLEW. *v. a.* [from *clew*.] To undo.
If I should pay you for't as 'tis extoll'd,
It would *unclew* me quite. *Shakespeare's Timon of Athens*.
To UNCLEW. *v. a.* To open the closed hand.
The hero fo his enterprize recalls;
His fist *undresses*, and the weapon falls. *Garth*.
UNCLEWED. *adj.* Whole; not cut.
As soon as there began a distinction between clipped and
unclewed money, bullion arose. *Locke*.
To UNCLEW. *v. a.* To strip; to make naked.
The boughs and branches are never *unclewed* and left
naked.
Poor orphans minds are left as *unclewed* and naked alto-
gether, as their bodies. *Atterbury*.
Cover the couch over with thick woollen clothes, the
warmth whereof will make it come presently; which once
perceived, forthwith *unclewd* it. *Mortimer's Husbandry*.

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To a distinct knowledge of things, we must *uncloud* them
of all these mixtures, that we may contemplate them naked,
and in their own nature. *Watts's Logic*.
To UNCLUG. *v. a.*
1. To disencumber; to exonerate.
But once a day, it would *unclug* my heart
Of what lies heavy to't. *Shakespeare*.
2. To set at liberty.
Then air, because *unclug'd* in empty space,
Flies after fire, and claims the second place. *Dryden*.
To UNCLUSTER. *v. n.* To set at large.
Why did I not, *unclust'rd* from the womb,
Take my next lodging in a tomb?
To UNCLUSE. *v. a.* To open.
Soon as thy letters trembling I *uncluse*,
That well-known name awakens all my woes. *Pope*.
UNCLOSED. *adj.* Not separated by inclosures.
The king's army would, through those *unclosed* parts, have
done them little harm. *Clarendon*.
UNCLOSED. *adj.* Free from clouds; clear from obscurity;
not darkened.
The father unfolding bright
Tow'rd the right hand his glory on the son
Blaz'd forth *unclosed* deity. *Milton's Par. Lost*.
True virtues, with *unclosed* light
All great, all royal, shine divinely bright.
Blest with temper, whose *unclosed* ray,
Can make to-morrow cheerful as to-day. *Pope*.
UNCLOSEDNESS. *n. f.* Openness; freedom from gloom.
The love I would persuade, makes nothing more conduc-
tive to it, than the greatest *unclosedness* of the eyes, and the
perfectest illustration of the object; which is such, that the
clearest reason is the most advantageous light it can desire to
be seen by. *Boyle*.
UNCLOUDY. *adj.* Free from a cloud.
Now night in silent state begins to rise,
And twinkling orbs bestow th' *uncloody* skies;
Her borrow'd lustre growing Cynthia lends.
To UNCLUTCH. *v. a.* To open.
If the terrors of the Lord could not melt his bowels, *unclutch*
his gripping hand, or dissolve him of his prey; yet sure it must
discourage him from grasping of heaven too. *Decay of Piety*.
To UNCLUT. *v. a.* To pull the cap off.
Yonder are two apple-women folding, and just ready to
unclut one another. *Arbuthnot and Pope*.
To UNCOIL. *v. a.* [from *coil*.] To open from being coiled or
wrapped one part upon another.
The spiral air-vessels are like threads of cobweb, a little
uncoiled. *Derham's Physico-Theology*.
UNCOINED. *adj.* Not coined.
While thou liv'st, Kate, take a fellow of plain, *uncoined*
constancy. *Shakespeare's Hen. V.*
An ounce of coined standard silver, must be of equal va-
lue to an ounce of *uncoined* standard silver. *Locke*.
UNCOLLECTED. *adj.* Not collected; not recollected.
Asham'd, confus'd, I started from my bed,
And to my soul yet *uncollected* said;
Into thyself, fond Solomon! return;
Reflect again, and thou again shalt mourn. *Prior*.
UNCOLOR'D. *adj.* Not stained with any colour, or die.
Out of things *uncoloured* and transparent, we can represent
unto you all several colours. *Bacon*.
Whether to deck with clouds the *uncolour'd* sky,
Or wet the thirsty earth with falling show'rs;
Rising, or falling, still advance his praise. *Milton*.
UNCOMBED. *adj.* Not parted or adjusted by the comb.
They might perceive his head
To be *uncombed*, and curled, *uncombed* hairs,
Upstarting stiff. *Fairy Queen, l. i. c. 9. st. 22*.
Their locks are beds of *uncombed* snakes, that wind
About their shady brows in wanton rings. *Cyprian*.
Thy locks *uncombed*, like a rough wood appear. *Dryden*.
UNCOMESTABLE. *adj.* Inaccessible; unattainable. A low,
corrupt word.
UNCOMELINESS. *n. f.* Want of grace; want of beauty.
The ruined churches are so unhandfomely patched, and
thatched, that men do even shun the places, for the *uncom-
eliness* thereof. *Spenser's Ireland*.
He prais'd women's modesty, and gave orderly, well-
behaved reproof to all *uncomeliness*. *Shakespeare*.
Those arches which the Tufcan writers call *di terze*, and
di quarto acuto, because they always concur in an acute angle,
both for the natural imbecility of the angle itself, and like-
wise for their very *uncomeliness*, ought to be excised from judi-
cious eyes. *Watson's Architecture*.
Forgetting that duty of modest concealment which they
owed to the father of their country, in case they had disco-
vered any real *uncomeliness*. *K. Charles*.
The beauty or *uncomeliness* in good and ill breeding, will
make deeper impressions on them, in the examples of others,
than from any rules. *Locke*.
U. COMELY.

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UNCOMELY. *adj.* Not comely; wanting grace.
Though he thought inquisitiveness an *uncomely* guest, he
could not but ask who she was. *Sidney*.
Neither is the fame accounted an *uncomely* manner of rid-
ing: for great warriors say, they never saw a more comely
man than the Irishman, nor that cometh on more bravely in
his charge. *Spenser's Ireland*.
Many, who troubled them most in their counsels, durst
not go thither, for fear of *uncomely* affronts. *Clarendon*.
Uncomely courage, unbefitting skill. *Thomson's Autumn*.
UNCOMFORTABLE. *adj.*
1. Affording no comfort; gloomy; dismal; miserable.
He much complaineth of his own *uncomfortable* exile,
wherein he sustained many most grievous indignities, and en-
dured the want of sundry, both pleasures and honours, be-
fore-enjoyed. *Hooker*.
Christians is in the most dead, *uncomfortable* time of the
year, when the poor people would suffer very much, if they
had not good cheer to support them. *Addison*.
Ours is melancholy and *uncomfortable* portion here below!
A place, where not a day passes, but we eat our bread with
sorrow and cares: the present troubles us, the future amazes;
and even the past fills us with grief and anguish. *Wale*.
The sun ne'er views th' *uncomfortable* seats,
When radiant he advances or retreats. *Pope's Odyssey*.
2. Receiving no comfort; melancholy.
UNCOMFORTABLENESS. *n. f.* Want of cheerfulness.
The want of just dispositions to the holy sacrament, may
occasion this *uncomfortableness*. *Taylor's Worshy Communicant*.
UNCOMFORTABLY. *adv.* Without cheerfulness.
UNCOMMANDED. *adj.* Not commanded.
It is easy to see what judgment is to be passed upon all
those affected, *uncommanded*, absurd austerities of the Romish
profession. *South*.
UNCOMMON. *adj.* Not frequent; not often found or known.
Some of them are *uncommon*, but such as the reader must
assent to, when he sees them explained. *Addison*.
UNCOMMONLY. *adv.* Not frequently; to an uncommon degree.
UNCOMMONNESS. *n. f.* Infrequency.
Our admiration of the antiquities about Naples and Rome,
does not so much arise out of their greatness as *uncom-
monness*. *Addison*.
UNCOMPACT. *adj.* Not compact; not closely cohering.
These rivers were not streams of running matter; for
how could a liquid, that lay hardening by degrees, settle in
such a furrow'd, *uncompact* surface? *Addison*.
UNCOMMUNICATED. *adj.* Not communicated.
There is no such mutual infusion as really causeth the same
natural operations or properties to be made common unto
both substances; but whatsoever is natural to deity, the same
remaineth in Christ *uncommunicated* unto his manhood; and
whatsoever natural to manhood, his deity thereof is unca-
pable. *Hooker*.
UNCOMPANIED. *adj.* Having no companion.
Thence the field, *uncompained*, unthought. *Fairfax*.
UNCOMPASSIONATE. *adj.* Having no pity.
Neither deep groans, nor silver-shedding tears,
Could penetrate her *uncompassionate* fire. *Shakespeare*.
Hero and Leander were drowned in the *uncompassionate*
furies. *Sandys's Journey*.
If thou in strength all mortals dost exceed;
In *uncompassionate* anger do not so. *Milton's Agonistes*.
The amorous needle, once joined to the loadstone, would
never, *uncompelled*, forsake the enchanting mineral. *Boyle*.
Keep my voyage from the royal ear,
Not, *uncompell'd*, the dangerous truth betray,
Till twice six times descends the lamp of day. *Pope*.
UNCOMPLAISANT. *adj.* Not civil; not obliging.
A natural roughness makes a man *uncomplaisant* to others,
so that he has no deference for their inclinations. *Locke*.
UNCOMPLEAT. *adj.* Not perfect; not finished.
Various incidents do not make different fables, but are
only the *uncompleat* and unfinished parts of the same fable. *Pope*.
UNCOMPOUNDED. *adj.*
1. Simple; not mixed.
Hardness may be reckoned the property of all *uncompounded*
matter. *Newton's Opticks*.
Your *uncompounded* atoms, you
Figures in numbers infinite allow;
From which, by various combination, springs
This unconfin'd diversity of things. *Blackmore*.
2. Simple; not intricate.
The substance of the faith was comprised in that *uncom-
pounded* style, but was afterwards prudently enlarged, for the
repelling heretical invaders. *Hammond's Fundamentals*.
UNCOMPRESSED. *adj.* Free from compression.
We might be furnished with a reply, by setting down the
differing weight of our receiver, when emptied, and when
full of *uncompressed* air. *Boyle*.

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UNCOMPREHENSIVE. *adj.*
1. Unable to comprehend.
2. In *Shakespeare* it seems to signify *incomprehensible*.
The providence, that's in a watchful state,
Knows almost every grain of Pluto's gold; *Shakespeare*.
Finds bottom in th' *incomprehensiv* deep. *Locke*.
UNCONCEIVABLE. *adj.* Not to be understood; not to be com-
prehended by the mind.
In the communication of motion by impulse, we can have
no other conception, but of the passing of motion out of one
body into another; which is as obscure and *unconceivable*, as
how our minds move or stop our bodies by thought. *Locke*.
Those atoms wondrous small must be,
Small to an *unconceivable* degree;
Since though these radiant spoils dispers'd in air,
Do ne'er return, and ne'er the sun repair. *Blackmore*.
UNCONCEIVABLENESS. *n. f.* Incomprehensibility.
The *unconceivableness* of something they find in one, throws
men violently into the contrary hypothesis, though altoge-
ther as unintelligible. *Locke*.
UNCONCEIVED. *adj.* Not thought; not imagined.
Vast is my theme, yet *unconceiv'd*, and brings
Untoward words, scarce loosen'd yet from things. *Cretch*.
UNCONCERN. *n. f.* Negligence; want of interest; freedom
from anxiety; freedom from perturbation.
Such things had been charged upon us by the malice of
enemies, the want of judgment in friends, and the *unconcern*
of indifferent persons. *Swift*.
UNCONCERNED. *adj.*
1. Having no interest.
An idle person is like one that is dead, *unconcerned* in the
changes and necessities of the world. *Taylor*.
The earth's motion is to be admitted, notwithstanding
the seeming contrary evidence of *unconcerned* senses. *Clavelle*.
It seems a principle in human nature, to incline one way
more than another, even in matters where we are wholly
unconcerned. *Swift*.
2. Not anxious; not disturbed; not affected.
See the morn,
All *unconcern'd* with our unrest, begins
Her rosy progress smiling. *Milton's Par. Lost*.
You call'd me into all your joys, and gave me
An equal share; and in this depth of misery
Can I be *unconcerned*? *Denham's Sephy*.
The virgin from the ground
Upstart fresh, already clos'd the wound;
And *unconcern'd* for all the felt before, *Dryden*.
Precipitates her flight along the shore.
Happy mortals, *unconcern'd* for more, *Dryden*.
Confid'd their wishes to their native shore.
We shall be easy and *unconcerned* at all the accidents of
the way, and regard only the event of the journey. *Rogers*.
UNCONCERNEDLY. *adv.* Without interest or affection; with-
out anxiety; without perturbation.
Not the most cruel of our conquering foes,
So *unconcern'dly* can relate our woes,
As not to lend a tear. *Denham*.
Death was denounc'd, that frightful sound,
Which ev'n the best can hardly bear:
He took the summons, void of fear,
And *unconcern'dly* cast his eyes around,
As if to find and dare the grieved challenger. *Dryden*.
Is heaven, with its pleasures for evermore, to be parted
with so *unconcernedly*? Is an exceeding and eternal weight of
glory too light in the balance against the hopeless death of the
atheist, and utter extinction. *Bentley*.
UNCONCERNEDNESS. *n. f.* Freedom from anxiety, or pertur-
bation.
No man, having done a kindness to another, would think
himself justly dealt with, in a total neglect, and *unconcerned-
ness* of the person who had received that kindness. *South*.
UNCONCERNING. *adj.* Not interesting; not affecting; not be-
longing to one.
Things impossible in their nature, or *unconcerning* to us,
cannot beget it. *Decay of Piety*.
The science of medals, which is charged with so many
unconcerning parts of knowledge, and built on such mean ma-
terials, appears ridiculous to those that have not exa-
mined it. *Addison on Antient Medals*.
UNCONCERNMENT. *n. f.* The state of having no share.
Being privileged by an happy *unconcernment* in those legal
murders, you may take a sweeter relish of your own in-
nocence. *South*.
UNCONCLOUT. *adj.* Not decisive; inferring no plain or
certain conclusion or consequence.
Our arguments are inevident and *unconcludent*. *Hale*.
He makes his understanding only the warehouse of other
mens false and *unconcluding* reasonings, rather than a repository
of truth for his own use. *Locke*.
UNCONCLUDINGNESS. *n. f.* Quality of being unconcluding.
29 L *Either*